Two Dimensional Structures from Cobaltocenium-containing Block Copolymers by Crystallization-Driven Self-Assembly

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Yujin Cha, Charles Jarrett-Wilkins, Tianyu Zhu, Ian Manners, Chuanbing Tang*

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC 29208

Introduction

Self-assembly of amphiphilic block copolymers is one of the most fascinating approaches to the creation of nanoscale particles. Block copolymers with a crystallizable core-forming block self-assemble into the various forms of micelles, such as spheres, cylinders, and platelets.



Challenges and Motivation

As a corona-forming block, cationic cobaltocenium moieties have been utilized for solution self-assembly. Moreover, cobaltocenium-based polyelectrolytes can be used for antimicrobial applications. Combining crystallization behavior polycaprolactone and cationic characteristics of of cobaltocenium, Crystallization-Driven Self-Assembly opens the door to making nanostructures toward biomedical applications.



Tang, C. et al. Sci. Rep., 2015, 5, 11914.

Tang, C. et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2014, 136, 4873.



✓ The cobaltocenium-containing block copolymer was synthesized via (ROP) ring-opening polymerization reversible sequential and addition-fragmentation chain transfer (RAFT) polymerization.







✓ 2D structures show an overlapped corner at an angle of ca. 109°. Increased corona length shows a linear relationship between block ratio and aspect ratio.

Tang Polymer Group @ USC





metallo-polyelectrolyte Cobaltocenium-containing block copolymers show unique crystallization-driven self-assembly behaviors in protic solvents. The block ratios have a large impact on the morphology transformation from the elongated hexagon to diamond. The resulting hexagonal structures showed enhanced stability when ionic strength in the aqueous solution increased.

✓ Thiol-ene click chemistry

Prof. Chuanbing Tang Tang Polymer Group

http://tangpolymer.org

Conclusions

Outlook

Stabilization of micelles in water by cross-linking of corona ✓ Cross-linked 2D micelles

> **Prof. Ian Manners** University of Victoria